

# Readmissions Tableau User Guide for Rate Year 2024

By CRISP, last updated 6/24/2022

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	2
READMISSIONS REDUCTION INCENTIVE PROGRAM	2
Performance Methodology	2
IMPROVEMENT	3
Attainment	3
Inclusion and Exclusion Criteria	4
Data Sources	4
READMISSIONS TABLEAU USER GUIDE	5
Tableau Readmissions Report Access/Card	5
Tableau Features	
DATA DICTIONARY	7
Measures	7
Tableau Filters	8
Report Tabs	8
Landing Page (1)	9
Improvement (2)	10
Attainment (3)	11
Trends & Locations (4)	12
Unadjusted Hospital Readmission Trends (5a)	13
Case-mix Adjusted Readmission Trends (5b)	13
Service Line Readmission Analysis (6)	14
Length of Discharge to Readmission (7)	15
Forecasting (8)	16
Patient Level Details (9)	17
Documentation (10)	19
Summary by Month (11)	19



# List of Abbreviations

APR-DRG	All-patient refined diagnosis-related group
CMS	Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
CMMI	Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation
CRISP	Chesapeake Regional Information System for Our Patients
CY	Calendar year
FFS	Fee-for-service
FFY	Federal fiscal year
HSCRC	Health Services Cost Review Commission
RRIP	Readmissions Reduction Incentive Program
RY	Rate year
SOI	Severity of illness
YTD	Year-to-date

# Readmissions Reduction Incentive Program

The HSCRC's Readmissions Reduction Incentive Program (RRIP) is one of several pay for performance initiatives that provide incentives for hospitals to improve patient care and value over time. The RRIP incentivizes hospitals to reduce avoidable readmissions by linking rewards and penalties to improvements in readmissions rates, and to attainment of relatively low readmission rates. In April 2022, the Commission approved the staff recommendations for the Rate Year (RY) 2024 Readmission Reduction Incentive Program (RRIP), which can be found on the HSCRC website. For more information on the RRIP Policy, please visit the following HSCRC website page: <a href="http://hscrc.maryland.gov/Pages/init-readm-rip.aspx">http://hscrc.maryland.gov/Pages/init-readm-rip.aspx</a>

### Performance Methodology

The methodology for the RRIP measures performance uses a 30-day all-payer all hospital (both intra- and inter-hospital) readmission rate with adjustments for patient severity. Patient severity is based upon discharge APR-DRG SOI and planned admissions using the CRISP unique patient identifier to track patients across acute care hospitals. Statewide rate for readmissions (i.e., normative value or "norm") is calculated for each diagnosis and severity level. These statewide norms are applied to each hospital's case-mix to determine the expected number of readmissions, a process known as indirect standardization. The readmission rate during the performance period is then compared to historical rate during a base period to assess improvement and to a threshold and benchmark to assess attainment. The policy then determines a hospital's revenue adjustment for improvement and attainment and takes the better of the two revenue adjustments. Scaled rewards of up to 2 percent of inpatient revenue and scaled penalties of up to 2 percent of inpatient



revenue are the maximum reward or penalty under the program. The Commission approved that the RY 2024 policy will reward hospitals that achieve an improvement rate of -6.05% from CY 2018, or an attainment rate of 11.59% for CY 2022 (adjusted for out-of-state readmissions).

#### **Improvement**

Per Figure 1 below, hospitals with a 27.05 percent or larger decline (improvement) in CY 2022 readmission rates compared to CY 2018 base year rates will receive a positive adjustment of two percent of their inpatient revenue. Hospitals with a 14.95 percent or larger increase in their readmission rates will receive a negative adjustment of two percent of their inpatient revenue. Hospitals with performance between these two points will receive rewards and penalties based on their performance proportionate with the improvement target. For example, a hospital with a 16.55 percent decline (improvement) would receive a 1 percent positive adjustment.

#### **Attainment**

A similar point scale is created to calculate rewards and penalties based on attainment rates, illustrated in Figure 2. Hospitals with a CY 2022 Readmission Rate of 8.46 percent or lower will receive a positive adjustment of two percent inpatient revenue. Hospitals with a rate of 14.72 percent or greater will receive a negative adjustment of two percent of their inpatient revenue.

The final adjustment amounts are determined by the better of attainment or improvement (Column B in both Figures).

Figure 1. Abbreviated RY 2024
Improvement Scale
Improvement Target CY2018 – CY2022
Compound Improvement = -6.05%

	r Readmission Rate lange CY18-22	RRIP % Inpatient Revenue Payment Adjustment
	A	В
Improving	g Readmission Rate	2.0%
	-27.05%	2.00%
	-21.80%	1.50%
	-16.55%	1.00%
	-11.30%	0.50%
Target	-6.05%	0.00%
	-0.80%	-0.50%
	4.45%	-1.00%
	9.70%	-1.50%
	14.95%	-2.0%
Worsenin	g Readmission Rate	-2.0%

Figure 2. Abbreviated RY 2023 Attainment Scale

Attainment Target: CY 2022 = 11.59%

All Payer Read CY	RRIP % Inpatient		
Lower Absolut	2.0%		
Benchmark	8.46%	2.00%	
	10.02%	1.00%	
Threshold	11.59%	0.00%	
	13.16%	-1.00%	
	14.72%	-2.00%	
Higher Absolut	-2.0%		



#### Inclusion and Exclusion Criteria

To increase the fairness of the program related to data limitations and clinical concerns, the all-payer readmission measure excludes certain types of discharges from consideration.

- Inclusions and Exclusions in Readmission Measurement
- Planned readmissions are excluded from the numerator based upon the CMS
  Planned Readmission Algorithm V. 4.0. The HSCRC has also added all vaginal and Csection deliveries and rehabilitation as planned to use the APR-DRGs, rather than
  principal diagnosis. Planned admissions are counted as eligible discharges in the
  denominator, because they could have an unplanned readmission.
- Discharges for newborn APR-DRG are removed.8
- Pediatric Oncology cases are removed prior to running readmission logic.
- Rehabilitation cases as identified by APR-860 (which are coded under ICD-10 based on type of daily service) are marked as planned admissions and made ineligible for readmission after readmission logic is run.
- Admissions with ungroupable APR-DRGs (955, 956) are not eligible for a readmission, but can be a readmission for a previous admission.
- APR-DRG-SOI categories with less than two discharges statewide are removed.
- Hospitalizations within 30 days of a hospital discharge where a patient dies is counted as a readmission; however, the readmission is removed from the denominator because the case is not eligible for a subsequent readmission.
- Admissions that result in transfers, defined as cases where the discharge date of the
  admission is on the same or next day as the admission date of the subsequent
  admission, are removed from the denominator. Thus, only one admission is
  counted in the denominator, and that is the admission to the transfer hospital
  (unless otherwise ineligible, i.e., died). It is the second discharge date from the
  admission to the transfer hospital that is used to calculate the 30-day readmission
  window.
- Beginning in RY 2019, HSCRC started including information about discharges from chronic beds within acute care hospitals.
- In addition, the following data cleaning edits are applied:
  - Cases with null or missing CRISP unique patient identifiers (EIDs) are removed.
  - o Duplicates are removed.
  - Negative interval days are removed.

#### **Data Sources**

- 1. Inpatient Case-mix data run under APR-DRG grouper v39
- 2. Out-of-state readmission rates from Medicare data obtained from CMMI



# Readmissions Tableau User Guide

The HSCRC writes the RRIP policy and methodology behind this report, which CRISP hosts on the CRS portal. The Readmissions report includes 11 tableau-based reports, which are populated using the inpatient Case-mix data (run under APR-DRG grouper v38) and out-of-state readmission rates from Medicare data obtained from CMMI.

# Tableau Readmissions Report Access/Card

The Tableau Readmissions Report can be accessed by visiting reports.crisphealth.org and logging-in with a CRS username and password.

CRS username and password.

Questions or Concerns? Please contact the CRISP Customer Care Team at support@crisphealth.org or 877-952-7477.

Step 1. To access the Readmissions Reports, a user

must first login to the CRISP Reporting Services Portal by visiting reports.crisphealth.org.

Once in the CRS Portal, a dashboard of multiple blue report "cards" will appear based on the access of the user. Clicking the card named "HSCRC Regulatory Reports" will bring up

the Report Finder page. The following screen shots represent the user's workflow.

<u>Step 2.</u> You will be taken to the Report Finder Page after selecting the "HSCRC Regulatory Reports" card on the homepage. Select "Readmissions" in the second tier of reports. All the available Readmissions reports will

appear in the third tier. Click the interactive report icon to open Readmissions RY24 Monthly Summary Tableau.

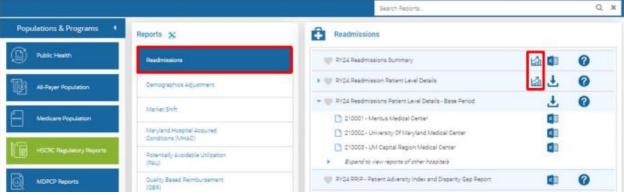


Log in to CRISP Reporting Services (CRS) Portal

Warning: CRISP policy prohibits username and password sharing.

Email

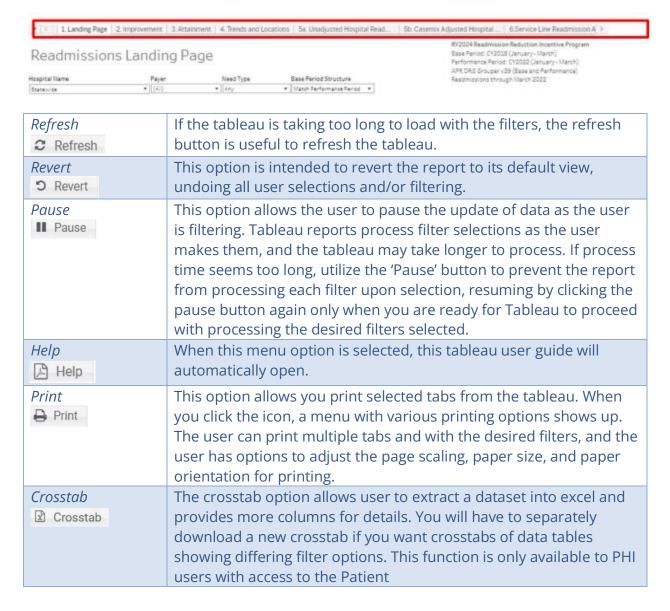
Your Dashboard 🗶





# **Tableau Features**

On each tableau dashboard, there are menu options for the user to select, which are listed below. Additionally, the tableau report hosts multiple dashboards. The available dashboards are listed at the top. The arrows located on the right and left of the tab allows the user to scroll through the available dashboards, and the downward arrow displays a dropdown list of all the available dashboards when the user clicks it.





# Data Dictionary

# Measures

Case-mix Adjusted Readmission Rate	Readmission Ratio multiplied by the statewide unadjusted rate.
Out-of-State (OOS)	Ratio of readmissions to out-of-state hospitals, which is done by adjusting case-mix adjusted rates by the ratio of Medicare readmissions that were outside-of-Maryland in the most recent four full quarters of data.
Case-mix Adjusted Rate with OOS Adjustment	OOS ratio is multiplied by the case-mix-adjusted rate to get the case-mix adjusted rate with OOS adjustment (based on CY19).
Eligible Discharges	Discharges identified based on the RRIP methodology.
Readmissions	Eligible readmissions based on the RRIP methodology.
Percent Readmissions	The total number of readmissions divided by the total number of eligible inpatient discharges.
Intra Readmissions	Readmissions that occur at the index hospital.
Inter Readmissions	Readmission that occurs at a different hospital than the index hospital.
Readmission Ratio	Ratio of observed-to-expected readmissions. For example, a ratio of 1 indicates observed readmissions equals expected readmissions.
Inpatient Discharges	Total number of discharges that are eligible for a readmission.
Total Number of Expected Readmissions	Number of readmissions for each hospital are calculated by multiplying the base year statewide readmission rate by the number of eligible discharges at each hospital, adjusted for diagnosis and severity of illness categories.



# **Tableau Filters**

Filter can be selected from a dropdown menu. Certain filters are only available based on the tab selected. Below is a description of the filters that can be applied throughout the tableau report.



Basic Period Structure	View either the complete base period (Based on CY2016 data) and/or matched YTD performance period.
Discharge Date	Select the year(s) of discharge.
Hospital Name	Filter on one or more hospitals
Index APR Service Line	Filter groups services into higher level categories, which is based on the index hospital.
Index APR Value	APR value from the index hospital.
Need Type	High Utilizer: 3+ bedded care visits (inpatient and observation stays over 24 hours) in the 12 months prior to their index visit Rising Needs: 2+ visits bedded care or ED in the 12 months before their index visit
Payer	Filter based on the type of payer (commercial, Medicare, Medicaid, and charity/self-pay)
Primary Diagnosis	Diagnosis at index visit
Sort Order	Sorted numerically based on the selected filter. Hospital name is sorted based on hospital ID.

# **Report Tabs**

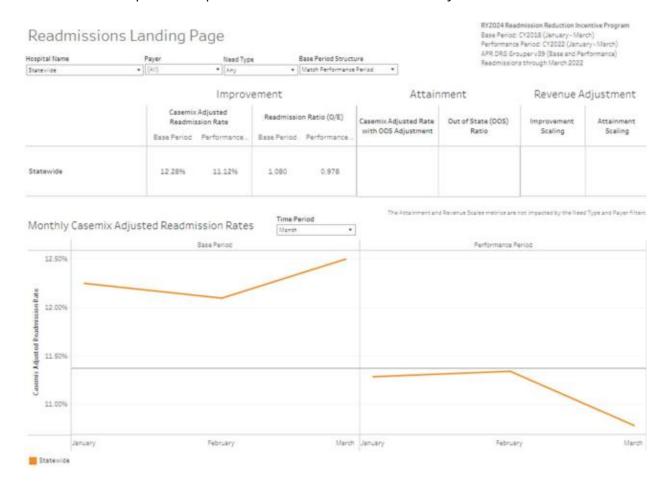
- 1. Landing Page
- 2. Improvement
- 3. Attainment
- 4. Trends & Locations
- 5. Readmission Trends
  - a. Unadjusted Hospital Readmission Trends
  - b. Case-mix Adjusted Readmission Trends

- 6. Service Line Readmission Analysis
- 7. Length of Discharge to Readmission
- 8. Forecasting
- 9. Patient Level Details
- 10. Documentation
- 11. Summary by Month



#### Landing Page (1)

This dashboard provides the user with a snapshot of readmissions. The table at the top of this dashboard contains information relating to improvement, attainment, and revenue scales measures statewide and for an individual hospital. The line graph at the bottom of the dashboard shows the monthly or quarterly Case-mix Adjusted Readmission Rates for the selected hospitals compared to the statewide Case-mix Adjusted Readmission Rates.





#### Improvement (2)

This dashboard shows the hospital's improvement based on the RRIP methodology, which compares the base period and performance period. This mirrors the regulatory report numbers that can be found in the RRIP Summary static Excel report tabs 4, 4a, and 4b. Filters are provided based on the user's needs. The improvement target for RY2024 is - 6.05%.

Base Period Structure

Sort Order

#### Improvement

Hospital Name

Payer

Need Type

RY2024 Readmission Reduction Incentive Program Base Period: CY2018 (January - March) Performance Period: CY2022 (January - March) APR ORG Grouper v39 (Base and Performance) Readmissions through March 2022

(Ail)		* [(A10)	* Any	* Hospital Name	* Match Perfo	rmance Period *			
			Total Number of Inpatient Discharges	Total Number of Readmissions	Total Number of Expected Readmissions	Readmission Ratio (Q/E)	Percent Readmissions	Casemix Adjusted Readmission Rate	Change in Casemi Adjusted Rate fro CY2018
	Statewide	Basa Feriod	120,381	14,098	13,047	1.080	11.71%	12 28%	
		Performance Period	95,994	11,007	11,250	0.978	11.35%	11.12%	-9.43
210001	Meritus Medical Center	Base Period	3,321	375	379	0.990	11.29%	11.25%	
		Parformance Period	2,945	370	337	1.099	12,56%	12.50%	11.05
210002	University Of Maryland	Base Period	5,606	830	661	1.255	14.81%	14.27%	
	Medical Center	Performance Period	4,542	532	554	0.960	11,71%	10.92%	-23.53
210003	UM Capital Region	Sase Feriod	2.851	318	327	0.972	11.15%	11.06%	
	Medical Center	Performance Period	2,131	221	251	0.879	10.37%	10.00%	-9.55
210004	Holy Cross Hospital	Sase Period	5,786	469	452	1.015	8.11%	11.54%	
		Parformance Period	4,832	361	379	0.952	7.47%	10.82%	-6.22
210005	Frederick Health Hospital,	Base Period	3,748	418	413	1.012	11.15%	11.50%	
	inc	Performance Period	3,065	320	337	0.950	10,44%	10.80%	-6.12
21,0006	UM-Harford Memorial	Base Period	1.055	166	138	1.209	15.73%	13.70%	
	Hospital	Performance Period	795	116	110	1.050	14.59%	11.94%	-12.06
210008	Mercy Medical Center	Base Period	3.145	202	247	1.141	8.97%	12.97%	
		Performance Period	2.034	178	165	1.078	0.75%	12.26%	-5.49
210009	Johns Hopkins Hospital	Base Feriod	9.184	1.332	1.076	1.238	14.50%	14.07%	
		Performance Period	7,622	946	965	0.980	12.41%	11.14%	-20.83
210011	Ascension Saint Agnes	Sasa Period	3.456	418	382	1.094	12.09%	12 44%	
	Hospital	Performance Period	2.144	252	248	1.018	11.75%	11.57%	-6.99
210012	Sinai Hospital	Sase Feriod	3.599	468	405	1.152	13.00%	13.10%	
		Performance Period	3,022	323	376	0.860	10.69%	9.77%	-25.40
210015	Medatar Franklin Square	Base Period	5,140	727	578	1.257	14.14%	14.29%	
		Parformance Period	3,527	423	427	0.991	11.99%	11.27%	-21.12
210016	Adventist White Oak	Base Period	2.366	228	243	0.937	9.64%	10.66%	
	Hospital	Performance Period	1.843	183	200	0.913	9.93%	10.38%	-2.89
210017	10017 Garrett County Memorial	Base Period	491	29	52	0.553	5.91%	6.28%	
	Hospita(	Performance Period	315	16	37	0.436	5.06%	4.96%	-21.08
210018	10018 Medstar Montgomery	Saze Period	1.659	205	187	1.096	12.36%	12.46%	
	Medical Center	Performance Period	1.100	133	139	0.956	12.09%	10.88%	-12.71
210019	Tidalhealth Peninsula	Base Period	3,836	433	427	1.013	11.29%	11.52%	
	Regional, Inc.	Performance Period	3,063	334	339	0.985	10,90%	11.21%	-2.69
210022	Suburban Hospital	Base Parlod	3.196	359	353	1.017	11.23%	11.96%	



# Attainment (3)

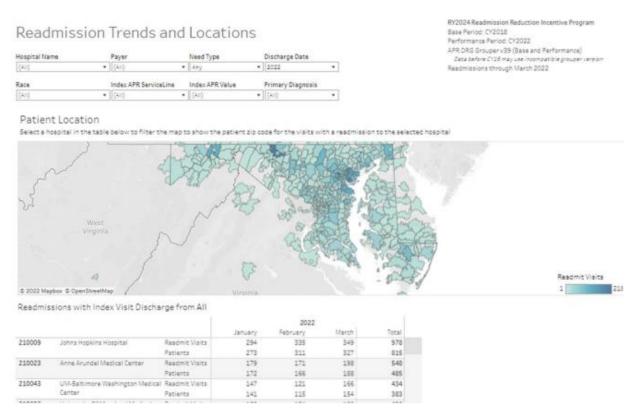
This dashboard shows the hospital's attainment, mirroring the regulatory report numbers that can be found in the RRIP Summary static Excel report tab 5. The user can only filter the tableau by hospital(s). The attainment for RY2024 is 11.59%

Attair	nment		Out of State Readm Based on CMMI Dat	ission Ratios for RRIP Attainment a FY 2021
Hospital Nam	e		Ratios are subject t	to change with updated data.
(AII)	•			leadmission Rate through March 2022
Hospital ID	Hospital Name	Out-of-State (OOS) Ratio	Case-Mix Adjusted Readmission Rate	Case-Mix Adjusted Rate with OOS Adjustme
210001	Meritus Medical Center	1.05	12.50%	13.10
210002	University Of Maryland Medical Center	1.03	10.92%	11.24
210003	UM Capital Region Medical Center	1.15	10.00%	11.50
210004	Holy Cross Hospital	1.12	10.82%	12.00
210005	Frederick Health Hospital, Inc	1.05	10.80%	11.3
210006	UM-Harford Memorial Hospital	1.01	11.94%	12.11
210008	Mercy Medical Center	1.02	12.26%	12.4
210009	Johns Hopkins Hospital	1.07	11 14%	11.8
210011	Ascension Saint Agnes Hospital	1.00	11 57%	11.5
210012	Sinai Hospital	1.01	9.77%	9.8
210015	Medstar Franklin Square	1.01	11 27%	11.4
210016	Adventist White Oak Hospital	1.11	10.38%	11.5
210017	Garrett County Memorial Hospital	1.53	4.96%	7.9
210018	Medstar Montgomery Medical Center	1.10	10.88%	11.9
210019	Tidalhealth Peninsula Regional, Inc.	1.04	11 21%	11.6
210022	Suburban Hospital	1.10	10.13%	11.1
210023	Anne Arundel Medical Center	1.05	12.07%	12.6
210024	Medstar Union Memorial Hospital	1.01	10.22%	10.3
210027	UPMC - Western Maryland	1.13	9.36%	10.5
210028	Medstar St. Mary's Hospital	1.14	10.91%	12.4
210029	Johns Hopkins Bayview Medical Center	1.02	12 13%	12.4
210030	UM-Shore Regional Health At Chestertown	1.15	10.59%	12.2
210032	Christianacare, Union Hospital	1.27	12.71%	16.1
210033	Carroll Hospital Center	1.05	12 15%	12.7
210034	Medstar Harbor Hospital Center	1.04	12 53%	13.0
210035	UM-Charles Regional Medical Center	1.18	11.61%	13.7
210037	UM-Shore Regional Health At Easton	1.08	9.48%	10.2
210038	UMMC Midtown Campus	1.02	10.67%	10.8
210039	Calvert Health Medical Center	1.13	9.95%	11.2
210040	Northwest Hospital Center	1.01	11 36%	11.5
210043	UM-Baltimore Washington Medical Center	1.01	11.64%	11.8
210044	Greater Baltimore Medical Center	1.01	9.72%	9.8
210048	Howard County General Hospital	1.02	11.90%	12.1



# Trends & Locations (4)

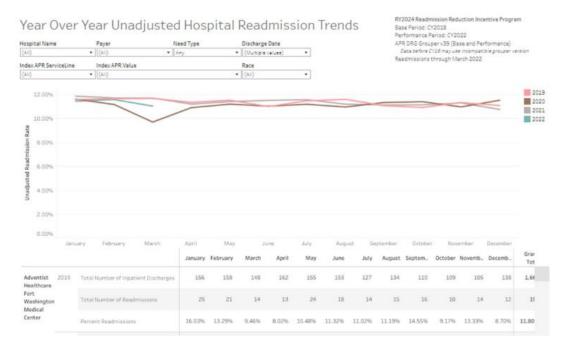
This dashboard can be used to help understand which hospital a patient is readmitted to. The hospital filter at the top of the sheet allows the user to select the index hospital for the readmit visits. The map on the top of the dashboard shows the number of patients with a readmission from a zip code. The table at the bottom shows the number of visits and unique patients by the receiving hospital of the readmission. When a user selects a hospital in the bottom table, this will filter the map to show only the patient zip codes and counts from patients with a readmission to the selected hospital.





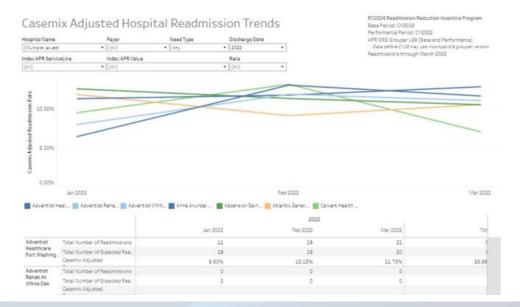
#### Unadjusted Hospital Readmission Trends (5a)

The line graph displays the unadjusted readmission trends by month with each line a year. Multiple years can be selected with the 'Discharge Date' filter. Each year will be a line on the graph. The dashboard allows users to view data from 2012 to present, but data before CY2016 may use an incompatible APR grouper version



#### Case-mix Adjusted Readmission Trends (5b)

The Case-mix Adjusted Hospital Readmission Trends tab will appear overcrowded when first opened. It is recommended that you select specific hospitals with the 'Hospital Name' filter. The selected hospitals data will be populated in the chart below the graph.





#### Service Line Readmission Analysis (6)

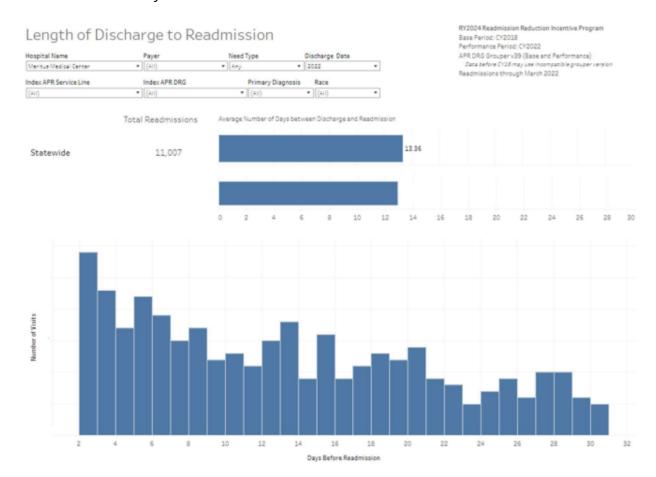
This dashboard allows users to evaluate readmissions by the APR Service Line of the Index visit. By selecting a service line in the table at the top of the dashboard, the tables at the bottom are filtered to show the top 5 DRGs for that Service Line at the selected hospital and statewide. The user can further drill down by selecting a DRG out of these top 5 to see information about the Readmit Visit DRG in the tables on the bottom right side of the dashboard.





#### Length of Discharge to Readmission (7)

This dashboard can be used to observe the number of days between the index visit discharge date and readmission visit admission date. This dashboard can be filtered by Hospital, Payer, Year, Index APR Service Line, Index APR DRG Value, and Primary Diagnosis. Note: This tab is only available to users of PHI access.





#### Forecasting (8)

This dashboard was designed to mirror the "Calculation Sheet" in Tab 6 of the current RRIP workbook, with the enhancement of pre-filling the available data for a selected hospital. This allows the user to see how their CY21Case-mix Adjusted Readmission Rate would impact the Revenue Scaling targets.





#### Patient Level Details (9)

This dashboard is designed to mirror, but not replace, the current RRIP Details files. The user can drill through from the Service Line Readmission Analysis dashboard to this sheet, to view patient level details for a specific group of patients. By clicking on the Crosstab button, an excel sheet will download and provide more columns with greater detailed information about the patients visit. Below is the list of columns available in the crosstab Excel. Note: This tab is only available to users of PHI access.

Patient Level	De	tails					RY2024 Readmission Reduction Incentive Program Base Period: CY2018 Performance Period: CY2022
Hospital Name		Payer	Need Type	Discharge Date	Index APR ServiceLine		APR DRS Grouper v39 (Base and Parformance) Data before CY36 may use incompatible prouper version
(None)		(hiane)	Any	2022	(None)	+	Readmissions through March 2022
Sort Order		Race					
Total Number of Readmissions		(AII)					

Variable Name	Variable Description
ADI Percentile	Index visit's level of geographic disadvantage measured from 1-100. (group 1 indicates the lowest ADI percent range (low disadvantage) while group 100 indicates the highest ADI percent range (high disadvantage)
AMA Flag	Left against medical advice or discontinued care (includes administrative discharge, escape, absent without official leave)
Imputed ADI Percentile	Index visit's average (mean) ADI for provided zip code
Index Visit Account Num	Index visit's patient account number (from casemix)
Index Visit Age	Index visit's patient age on date of discharge
Index Visit APR DRG	Index visit's APR DRG code (from casemix)
Index Visit APR DRG Description	Index visit's APR DRG description
Index Visit Changes	Index visit's total charges (from casemix)
Index Visit Date Admit	Index visit's date of admission (from casemix)
Index Visit Date Discharge	Index visit's date of discharge (from casemix)
Index Visit Flag Eligible Discharge	Is the index visit eligible for a readmission? (discharges not eligible are those who had same day transfers, died, or had missing data) 1 = yes (eligible), 0 = no (not eligible)
Index Visit Flag Ineligible Died	not eligible for a readmission: patient died 1 = yes, 0 = no
Index Visit Flag Ineligible Other	not eligible for a readmission: other reasons for exclusion (missing EID, duplicate record, or negative days) 1 = yes, 0 = no
Index Visit Flag Ineligible Transfer	not eligible for a readmission: same day transfer 1 = yes, 0 = no
Index Visit Flag Readmit Planned	Has readmission planned (based on CMS algorithm)1 = yes, 0 = no
Index Visit Flag Readmit Unplanned	Has readmission within 30 days (excluding planned admissions)1 = yes, 0 = no
Index Visit MRN	Index visit's medical record number (from casemix)
Index Visit Primary Payer	Index visit's primary payer, 0=Unknown 1= Medicare 2= Medicaid 3= Title V 4= BCBS MD 5= Commercial PPO 6= Oth Govt 7=Workers Comp 8= Self Pay 9= Charity 10= Other 11= Donor 12= Hmo 14= Medicaid Hmo 15=



	Medicare Hmo 16= BCBS (NCA)17= BCBS Other 18= International Insurers
	20= Commercial 77= Not Applicable 99= Unknown
Index Visit SAS county (casemix)	Casemix SAS county (from casemix), or lookup casemix using SAS zip- county mapping
Index Visit Secondary Payer	Index visit's secondary payer, 0=Unknown 1= Medicare 2= Medicaid 3= Title V 4= BCBS MD 5= Commercial PPO 6= Oth Govt 7=Workers Comp 8= Self Pay 9= Charity 10= Other 11= Donor 12= Hmo 14= Medicaid Hmo 15= Medicare Hmo 16= BCBS (NCA)17= BCBS Other 18= International Insurers 20= Commercial 77= Not Applicable 99= Unknown
Index Visit Service Line	Index visit's clinical service line, looked up using APR DRG
Index Visit Sex	Index visit's sex (from casemix) (from casemix, 1 = male, 2 = female, 9 = unknown)
Index Visit SOI	Index visit's level of severity (from casemix)
Index Visit zip code (casemix)	Index visit's Census zip code from geocoding latest EID address
Plus4	An extended ZIP+4 code, four additional digits that determine a more specific location
Race	Index visit's identified race; 1=White (White), 2= Black (Black or African American), 3= Other (Asian), 4= Other (American Indian or Alaskan Native),5= Other, 6= Other (Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander), 7= Other(Two or More), 8= Other (Declined to Answer), 9=Other (Unknown)
Readmit Visit Account Num	Patient's readmit account number (Populate only if readmit is at the same hospital)
Readmit Visit APR DRG	Readmit visit's APR DRG code (from case-mix), (empty if no unplanned readmit)
Readmit Visit APR DRG Description	Readmit visit's APR DRG description (empty if no unplanned readmit)
Readmit Visit Charges	Total charges for next admission (from case-mix), (empty if no return visit within data period)
Readmit Visit Days to Readmit	Number of days between index visit discharge date and next admission date within data period (not restricted to 30 days to allow hospitals to monitor all return visits) (empty if no return visit within data period)
Readmit Visit Flag Same Hospital	(if there is an unplanned readmission) indicate if readmission was at the same hospital or at another hospital 1 = yes, readmit at same hospital; 0 = no, readmit at another hospital
Readmit Visit Service Line	Readmit visit's clinical service line, looked up using APR DRG (empty if no unplanned readmit)
Readmit Visit SOI	Readmit level of severity (from case-mix), (empty if no unplanned readmit)
Source ID	Index visit's hospital ID or Medicare provider ID
Zip_Plus4	A concatenation of V_Zip & Plus4, format XXXXX-YYYY

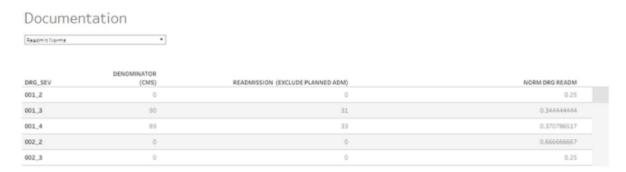


#### Documentation (10)

This dashboard is a collection of the reference data contained in the HSCRC's RRIP Excel workbook. The information is consolidated onto a single screen for ease of use.

#### Dropdown toggle displaying:

- Readmit Norms (RRIP Excel tab 2)
- Case-level Data Dictionary (RRIP Excel tab 8)
- CY2016 Readmit Rates (RRIP Excel tab 3)
- CY2017 Readmit Rates (RRIP Excel tab 5)



#### Summary by Month (11)

This dashboard is designed to mirror, but not replace, the trends and location tab from previous tableau readmission reports. The user can view eligible discharges, readmissions, readmission ratio, etc. broken down by month.

